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1		CONCERNING A FILIN	NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	10/070890		
INTE		TIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/DE00/01202	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE April 17, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED September 6, 1999		
TITL		INVENTION	Арги 17, 2000	September 0, 1277		
		ELEMENT FOR A TELEPHO	ONE			
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Holz	z auf	der Heide, Bernd et al.				
Appl	icant	herewith submits to the United Star	ates Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the	e following items and other information.		
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2.			QUENT submission of items concerning a filing	•		
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4.	×	* / * /	expiration of 19 months from the priority date (ZA - (Colo 21)		
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BOX PCT

IN THE UNITED STATES ELECTED/DESIGNATED OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY-CHAPTER II

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PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

APPLICANTS:

Michael Anft et al.

DOCKET NO.:

112740-545

SERIAL NO:

GROUP ART UNIT:

FILED:

Sir:

EXAMINER:

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO::

PCT/DE00/01202

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

17 April 2000

INVENTION:

INPUT ELEMENT FOR A TELEPHONE

Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

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Please amend the above-identified International Application before entry into the National stage before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office under 35 U.S.C. §371 as follows:

15 In the Specification:

Please replace the Specification of the present application, including the Abstract, with the following Substitute Specification:

S P E C I F I C A T I O N TITLE OF THE INVENTION INPUT ELEMENT FOR A TELEPHONE BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to an input element or dialing element and an input device for a telephone; in particular, for a mobile telephone.

Dialing elements or operator controls both for a key telephone and a mobile telephone are known. Usually, the input or selection of menu items and/or numbers is made using a 12-key block and further keys for selecting other functions. The selection of the other functions is frequently made by sequentially pressing a key or a pair of keys (for example, by sequentially scrolling up or down), and then selecting via cursor keys.

A further known form of operator control of a mobile telephone is to use what is referred to as a Jog Dial, such as is implemented, for example, in newer mobile telephones from Sony and is described in the publication EP-A-0 797 336. Here, the Jog Dial is an actuator wheel which is arranged in the mobile telephone and has a rotary function and a pressing function. For example, by rotating the Jog Dial actuator wheel, it is possible to scroll through a menu or the numbers 0 - 9, a confirmation of selection function of the function or number which is selected by the rotary movement being implemented by pressing on the wheel in the radial direction. The disadvantage with this solution is that this form of input takes too long, particularly in the case of relatively long telephone numbers, and leads to a comparatively high level of cognitive and motor stress.

Interactive displays are also proposed for miniaturized devices. In the document WO97/16912, a wrist watch with such a display is described. A disadvantage here is that, in order to activate individual points which are illustrated on the display, an additional pin is appropriately used (cf. page 2, lines 10 et seq.) in order, for example, to keep the size of the menu items small.

In addition, inputting or control by voice input is a further possible way of inputting data. For miniaturized devices, this form has not yet become ready for introduction to the market or is technically and financially still too costly.

Generally, the course of further miniaturization, the area on information and communications terminals, for example GSM and DECT telephones, which is available for the user interface is becoming smaller and smaller so that on future devices there will no longer be any space for the traditional twelve key block.

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The present invention is, therefore, directed toward an input element and an input device which requires less space and avoids the disadvantages of the Jog Dial.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Thus, the input element according to the present invention has an input which includes a rotary function in two directions (i.e., forward and backward), and two key functions. The directions of movement for generating the key functions are arranged in a plane perpendicularly to the plane of rotation and are opposed to one another. According to the present invention, the input is formed by an actuator wheel which is capable of being tilted out of the plane of rotary movement on each side by exerting an appropriate pressure so that it is possible to speak of a pressing function or tilting function. The tilting causes an appropriate device to generate a signal, so that two possible signals are available.

The visualization or acknowledgement of the selection via elements which are provided in a circular shape (for example, illuminated numbers), in a way analogous to the rotary movement of the actuator wheel, is largely self-explanatory and promotes the generation of sensomotive abilities on the part of the user, which makes using the device easier overall in cognitive terms and faster in motor terms.

The movement of the actuator wheel is preferably freely rotating or provided with a stop, the rotary movement being capable of being latched or nonlatched. These further features are respectively dependent on the particular application.

In addition, the input device according to the present invention which includes an actuator wheel can be coupled to a display to an input device, which display is cognitively compatible with the rotary movement of the actuator wheel.

The display preferably has a large area, particularly circular, on which the respective menus, submenus, menu items or numbers are arranged substantially on a circle so that a direct assignment is provided between the display and the actuator wheel for the user. The combination of the rotary movement of the actuator wheel and the display which is matched thereto facilitates and speeds up the selection and input operation and reduces perception errors.

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For example, the selected entry or the selected number which are respectively represented on the display preferably can be actuated by pressing on one side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation; i.e., with a first key function. By pressing on the other side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation, it is possible to trigger a further function; for example, exiting from a menu (ESC) or the deletion of a character (Backspace) with a second key function.

The advantages of the solution according to the present invention are as follows:

Reduction of the space required in comparison with the traditional key solutions such as, for example, the 12-digit key block; and reduction of the probability of incorrect operator control operations such as frequently occur with an actuator wheel solution with a pressing function in the direction of rotation because the rotation of the actuator wheel always exerts a pressure in the axial direction of the actuator wheel which, under certain circumstances, triggers the key function. The complete decoupling of the rotary functions from the two pressing functions or key functions prevents inadvertent triggering of the key function. In addition, the display of the current selection via the circular arrangement is more concise and less easily confused than in known solutions.

In comparison with conventional actuator wheel solutions, a further key function is available as a result of which current dialog prompting, such as "Cursor up/down" or "OK" and "Escape", can be implemented without the arrangement of a further key which is difficult to operate or a complex Help structure, such as "Escape" as an illustrated menu item, permitting the solution according to the present invention to provide significantly more convenient user prompting. The

input device according to the present invention, therefore, integrates all the elements required for convenient user prompting in one input element.

Additional features and advantages of the present invention are described in, and will be apparent from, the following Detailed Description of the Invention and the Figures.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- Fig. 1 shows a basic view of the input element according to the present invention.
- Fig. 2 shows a detailed view of a possible way of supporting the actuator wheel of the input element in Fig. 1.
 - Fig. 3 shows the arrangement of an input element in a round housing.
 - Fig. 4 shows a plan view of the installed input element in Fig. 3.
 - Fig. 5 shows a first embodiment of a mobile telephone with an "analog" display.
- Fig. 6 shows a second embodiment of a mobile telephone with a "digital" display.
 - Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a mobile telephone with a display with a large area.
- Fig. 8 shows a further possible way of arranging the input element in a mobile telephone.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Fig. 1 shows an input element according to the present invention which has an actuator wheel 11 which serves as the input. The actuator wheel 11 preferably is provided with ribbing. The actuator wheel is supported on an axle 12 and can rotate in two opposite directions 13 and 14. In addition, the actuator wheel 11 can be tilted into a plane which is substantially perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In other words, the actuator wheel 11 can be moved in the opposite directions 15 and 16; i.e., displaced or tilted by applying pressure. A pickup or sensor 17 is provided for determining the rotary movement. This pickup for the measure and the direction of the rotary movement can be formed by a further actuator wheel. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods

can be used. Sensors 18 and 19 are arranged on each side of the actuator wheel 11 in order to determine the pressing movement or tilting of the actuator wheel. These sensors can be, for example, momentary contact switches. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods also can be used.

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Fig. 2 shows a cross section through the input element. In order to be able to implement the two momentary contact functions of the input element, the actuator wheel 11 is pivotably supported on the axle 12 via a ball and socket joint or ball bearing 20. For example, the ball and socket joint 20 can be provided by giving the axle 12 an substantially ball-shaped configuration. The maximum tilting angle can be defined by outwardly directed beveling of part of the internal face of the axle hole of the actuator wheel 11. In addition, the directions of the tilting movement or pressing movement 15 and 16 and the tilting sensors 18 and 19 are also shown.

Fig. 3 shows how the actuator wheel 11, which can be moved in four directions 13, 14, 15, 16, interacts with a circular display area of a circular mobile telephone 21.

Fig. 4 shows a plan view of an actuator wheel 11 which is provided with a ribbing and has the directions of rotation 14 and 15, represented here by a two-ended arrow, and the tilting directions 15 and 16. The actuator wheel 11 is arranged here in a section 22 of a mobile telephone (not illustrated). For example, the numbers 0, 1, ..., 9 can be actuated by turning in one direction 14, 15. Pressing the actuator wheel 11 in Figure 4 to the left triggers Escape/Back, while pressing to the right triggers OK/Enter.

Fig. 5 shows a view of a first embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 with what is referred to as an "analog" selection display. The mobile telephone has a circular shape which is referred to below as a display area on which menu symbols 23 and numbers 24 are arranged. Here, both the menu symbols and the numbers 24 are each arranged on a circle. The numbers 24 and the menu symbols 23 are backlit (for example, via corresponding LEDs), when they are selected. The selection is made here via the input element which is arranged on the side of the mobile telephone 21, and from which part of the actuator wheel 11 projects, and is visible

here. In the center of the display area of the mobile telephone 21, there is also a display 25 which serves, for example, for representing the selected numerical sequence. In addition, the mobile telephone 21 has a carrying cord which is embodied as an antenna 26.

Fig. 6 shows a simplified version of a mobile telephone with what is referred to as a "digital" display. Here, only one selection display 27 is arranged on the display area of the mobile telephone 21. By turning and pressing the actuator wheel 11, a number or menu is selected and displayed on the display 25.

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Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a circular mobile telephone 21. Here, the display area of the mobile telephone 21 is almost completely filled by a circular panel 29 which is formed by a filter, behind which a display 30 is arranged. On this display, the menu symbols 23 and the numbers (not illustrated here) are generated. The menu symbols 23 are also arranged on a circle here. The selection of a menu is performed via the laterally arranged actuator wheel 11. The display can be multicolored in order to achieve better visualization. One variant of this solution consists in only a small display for displaying the numbers being located behind the filter 29, and the menu symbols 23 being arranged directly on the filter 29, in which case they can be illuminated separately by an illumination device, such as LEDs, in order to clarify and display the respective selection.

Fig. 8 shows an embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 in which the actuator wheel is arranged in a recess 31 in the mobile telephone 21. In addition, a displaceable cover 32 is present. When the mobile telephone 21 is not in use, the cover can be pushed over the actuator wheel which is arranged in a countersunk fashion so that the actuator wheel 11 is protected. In addition, a use lock of the actuator wheel can be connected to the cover.

Although the present invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, those of skill in the art will recognize that changes may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the hereafter appended claims.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An input element for a telephone for inputting data having two rotary functions in respectively opposite directions, and which also has two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane substantially perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In addition, the input element preferably being coupled to a display with menu items or numbers being arranged essentially on a circle.

In the Claims

On page 8, cancel line 1 and substitute the following left hand justified heading therefor:

CLAIMS

- 5 Please cancel claims 1-12, without prejudice, and substitute the following claims therefor:
 - 13. An input element for inputting data, comprising:

two rotary functions in opposite directions;

two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane which is substantially perpendicular to a plane of the rotary movement; and

an actuator wheel supported axially on a bearing so that tilting movement of the actuator wheel out of the plane of the rotary movement on both sides is made possible.

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- 14. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, wherein the key functions are implemented by one of pressing functions and tilting functions.
- 20 15. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, wherein the bearing is a ball bearing.
 - 16. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, further comprising two sensors for determining the tilting movement, the sensors being arranged on each side of the actuator wheel within a tilting range.
 - 17. An input element for inputting data as claimed claim 13, wherein the actuator wheel rotates in one of a latching and a non-latching fashion.
- 30 18. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, wherein the actuator wheel rotates in a freely running fashion.

- 19. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, wherein the actuator wheel is provided with a stop.
- 5 20. An input element for inputting data as claimed in claim 13, further comprising a further sensor for determining the rotary movement and direction.
 - 21. An input device, comprising:

an input element for inputting data, the input element including two rotary functions in opposite directions and two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane which is substantially perpendicular to a plane of the rotary movement, and further including an actuating wheel supported axially on a bearing so that tilting movement of the actuator wheel out of the plane of the rotary movement on both sides is made possible; and

a display device for displaying at least one of menu items and numbers.

22. An input device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the display device has a large and substantially circular area.

- 23. An input device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the menu items and numbers are arranged substantially along a circle.
- 24. An input device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the display has at least two different colors.
 - 25. An input device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the input device is part of a mobile telephone.

REMARKS

The present amendment makes editorial changes and corrects typographical errors in the specification, which includes the Abstract, in order to conform the specification to the requirements of United States Patent Practice. No new matter is added thereby. Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification by the present amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version With Markings To Show Changes Made".

In addition, the present amendment cancels original claims 1-12 in favor of new claims 13-25. Claims 13-25 have been presented solely because the revisions by red-lining and underlining which would have been necessary in claims 1-12 in order to present those claims in accordance with preferred United States Patent Practice would have been too extensive, and thus would have been too burdensome. The present amendment is intended for clarification purposes only and not for substantial reasons related to patentability pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§101, 102, 103 or 112. Indeed, the cancellation of claims 1-12 does not constitute an intent on the part of the Applicants to surrender any of the subject matter of claims 1-12.

Early consideration on the merits is respectfully requested.

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(Reg. No. 39,056)

William E. Vaughan

Respectfully submitted,

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Attorneys for Applicants

VERSIONS WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

In The Specification:

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The Specification of the present application, including the Abstract, has been amended as follows:

SPECIFICATION

TITLE OF THE INVENTION INPUT ELEMENT FOR A TELEPHONE BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The <u>present</u> invention relates to an input element or dialing element and an input device for a telephone; in particular, for a mobile telephone.

Dialing elements or operator controls both for a key telephone and a mobile telephone are known. Usually, the input or selection of menu items and/or numbers is made using a twelve 12-key block and further keys for selecting other functions. The selection of the other functions is frequently made by sequentially pressing a key or a pair of keys, (for example, by sequentially scrolling up or down,), and then selecting by means of via cursor keys.

A further known form of operator control of a mobile telephone is to use what is referred to as a Jog Dial, such as is implemented, for example, in newer mobile telephones from Sony and is described in the publication EP-A-0 797 336. Here, the Jog Dial is an actuator wheel which is arranged in the mobile telephone and has a rotary function and a pressing function. For example, by rotating the Jog Dial actuator wheel, it is possible to scroll through a menu or the numbers 0 - 9, a confirmation of selection function of the function or number which is selected by the rotary movement being implemented by pressing on the wheel in the radial direction. The disadvantage with this solution is that this form of input takes too long, in particular particularly in the case of relatively long telephone numbers, and leads to a comparatively high level of cognitive and motor stress.

Interactive displays are also proposed for miniaturized devices. In the document WO97/16912, a wrist watch with such a display is described. A disadvantage here is that, in order to activate individual points which are illustrated

on the display, an additional pin is appropriately used (cf. page 2, lines 10 et seq.) in order, for example, to keep the size of the menu items small.

In addition, inputting or control by voice input is also a basic a further possible way of inputting data. For miniaturized devices, this form has not yet become ready for introduction to the market or is technically and financially still too costly.

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Generally, the course of further miniaturization, the area on information and communications terminals, for example GSM and DECT telephones, which is available for the user interface is becoming smaller and smaller so that on future devices there will no longer be any space for the traditional twelve key block.

The <u>present</u> invention is, therefore based on the object of providing, directed toward an input element and an input device which requires less space and avoids the disadvantages of the Jog Dial.

The object is achieved by means of the features of the input element according to claim 1, and the features of the input according to claim 10. Preferred refinements of the invention are the subject matter of the subclaims.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The Thus, the input element according to the present invention has an input means, the input means comprising which includes a rotary function in two directions, i.e. (i.e., forward and backward), and two key functions. The directions of movement for generating the key functions are arranged in a plane perpendicularly to the plane of rotation and are opposed to one another. According to the present invention, the input means is formed by an actuator wheel, the actuator wheel being which is capable of being tilted out of the plane of rotary movement on each side by exerting an appropriate pressure so that it is possible to speak of a pressing function or tilting function. The tilting causes an appropriate device to generate a signal, so that two possible signals are available.

The visualization or acknowledgement of the selection by means of via elements which are provided in a circular shape, (for example, illuminated numbers), in a way analogous to the rotary movement of the actuator wheel, is largely self-explanatory and promotes the generation of sensomotive abilities on the

part of the user, which makes using the device easier overall in cognitive terms and faster in motor terms.

The movement of the actuator wheel is preferably freely rotating or provided with a stop, the rotary movement being capable of being latched or non-latched. These further features are respectively dependent on the particular application.

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In addition, the input device according to the <u>present</u> invention which eomprises <u>includes</u> an actuator wheel can be coupled to a display to an input device, which display is cognitively compatible with the rotary movement of the actuator wheel. The display is preferably a <u>display area of has</u> a large area, in <u>particular particularly</u> circular, on which the respective menus, submenus, menu items or numbers are arranged <u>essentially substantially</u> on a circle so that a direct assignment is provided between the display and the actuator wheel for the user. The combination of the rotary movement of the actuator wheel and the display which is matched thereto facilitates and speeds up the selection and input operation and reduces perception errors.

For example, the selected entry or the selected number which are respectively represented on the display ean preferably can be actuated by pressing on one side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation; i.e., with a first key function. By pressing on the other side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation, it is possible to trigger a further function; for example, exiting from a menu (ESC) or the deletion of a character (Backspace); i.e. with a second key function.

The advantages of the solution according to the <u>present</u> invention are as follows:

Reduction of the space required in comparison with the traditional key solutions such as, for example, the 12-digit key block; and reduction twelve—digit key block,

Reduction- of the probability of incorrect operator control operations such as frequently occur with an actuator wheel solution with a pressing function in the direction of rotation because the rotation of the actuator wheel always also exerts a

pressure in the axial direction of the actuator wheel, which, under certain circumstances, triggers the key function. The complete decoupling of the rotary functions from the two pressing functions or key functions prevents inadvertent triggering of the key function. In addition, the display of the current selection by means of via the circular arrangement is more concise and less easily confused than in known solutions.

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In comparison with conventional actuator wheel solutions, a further key function is available as a result of which current dialog prompting, for example such as "Cursor up/down" or "OK" and "Escape", can be implemented without the arrangement of a further key which is difficult to operate or a complex Help structure, for example such as "Escape" as an illustrated menu item, permitting the solution according to the present invention to provide significantly more convenient user prompting. The input device according to the present invention, therefore, integrates all the elements required for convenient user prompting in one input element.

Additional features and advantages of the present invention are described in, and will be apparent from, the following Detailed Description of the Invention and the Figures.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- 20 Preferred embodiments of the invention are explained below with reference to the drawings, in which:
 - Fig. 1 shows a basic view of the input element according to the present invention.
- Fig. 2 shows a detailed view of a possible way of supporting the actuator wheel of the input element in Fig. 1_{5.}
 - Fig. 3 shows the arrangement of an input element in a round housing.
 - Fig. 4 shows a plan view of the installed input element in Fig. 3₅.
 - Fig. 5 shows a first embodiment of a mobile telephone with an "analog" display₅.
- Fig. 6 shows a second embodiment of a mobile telephone with a "digital" display₅.

Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a mobile telephone with a display with a large area, and.

Fig. 8 shows a further possible way of arranging the input element in a mobile telephone.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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Fig. 1 shows an input element according to the <u>present</u> invention which has an actuator wheel 11 which serves as <u>the</u> input <u>means</u>. The actuator wheel 11 is preferably <u>is</u> provided with ribbing. The actuator wheel is supported on an axle 12 and can rotate in two opposite directions 13 and 14. In addition, the actuator wheel 11 can be tilted into a plane which is <u>essentially substantially</u> perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In other words, the actuator wheel 11 can be moved in the opposite directions 15 and 16; i.e., displaced or tilted by applying pressure. A pickup or sensor 17 is provided for determining the rotary movement. This pickup for the measure and the direction of the rotary movement can be formed by a further actuator wheel. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods can be used. Sensors 18 and 19 are arranged on each side of the actuator wheel 11 in order to determine the pressing movement or tilting of the actuator wheel. These sensors can be, for example, momentary contact switches. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods <u>ean</u> also <u>can</u> be used.

Fig. 2 shows a cross section through the input element. In order to be able to implement the two momentary contact functions of the input element, the actuator wheel 11 is pivotably supported on the axle 12 by means of via a ball and socket joint or ball bearing 20. For example, the ball and socket joint 20 can be provided by giving the axle 12 an essentially substantially ball-shaped configuration. The maximum tilting angle can be defined by outwardly directed beveling of part of the internal face of the axle hole of the actuator wheel 11. In addition, the directions of the tilting movement or pressing movement 15 and 16 and the tilting sensors 18 and 19 are also shown.

Fig. 3 shows how the actuator wheel 11, which can be moved in four directions 13, 14, 15, 16, interacts with a circular display area of a circular mobile telephone 21.

Fig. 4 shows a plan view of an actuator wheel 11 which is provided with a ribbing and has the directions of rotation 14 and 15, represented here by a two-ended arrow, and the tilting directions 15 and 16. The actuator wheel 11 is arranged here in a section 22 of a mobile telephone (not illustrated). For example, the numbers 0, 1, ..., 9 can be actuated by turning in one direction 14, 15. Pressing the actuator wheel 11 in the figure Figure 4 to the left triggers Escape/Back, while pressing to the right triggers OK/Enter.

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Fig. 5 shows a view of a first embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 with what is referred to as an "analog" selection display; the mobile telephone having a eireular shape. The mobile telephone has a circular shape which is referred to below as a display area on which menu symbols 23 and numbers 24 are arranged. Here, both the menu symbols and the numbers 24 are each arranged on a circle. The numbers 24 and the menu symbols 23 are backlit; (for example by means of, via corresponding LEDs), when they are selected. The selection is made here by means of via the input element which is arranged on the side of the mobile telephone 21, and from which part of the actuator wheel 11 projects, and is visible; here. In the center of the display area of the mobile telephone 21, there is also a display 25 which serves, for example, for representing the selected numerical sequence. In addition, the mobile telephone 21 has a carrying cord which is embodied as an antenna 26.

Fig. 6 shows a simplified version of a mobile telephone with what is referred to as a "digital" display. Here, only one selection display 27 is arranged on the display area of the mobile telephone 21. By turning and pressing the actuator wheel 11, a number or menu is selected and displayed on the display 25.

Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a circular mobile telephone 21. Here, the display area of the mobile telephone 21 is almost completely filled by a circular panel 29 which is formed by a filter, behind which a display 30 is arranged. On this display, the menu symbols 23 and the numbers (not illustrated here) are generated. The menu symbols 23 are also arranged on a circle here. The selection of a menu is performed by means of via the laterally arranged actuator wheel 11. The display can be multi-colored here in order to achieve better visualization. One variant of

this solution consists in only a small display for displaying the numbers being located behind the filter 29, and the menu symbols 23 being arranged directly on the filter 29, in which case they can be illuminated separately by an illumination device, for example such as LEDs, in order to clarify and display the respective selection.

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Fig. 8 shows an embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 in which the actuator wheel is arranged in a recess 31 in the mobile telephone 21. In addition, a displaceable cover 32 is present. When the mobile telephone 21 is not in use, the cover can be pushed over the actuator wheel which is arranged in a countersunk fashion so that the actuator wheel 11 is protected. In addition, a use lock of the actuator wheel can be connected to the cover.

Patent claims Although the present invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, those of skill in the art will recognize that changes may be made thereto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the hereafter appended claims.

Abstract ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Input-element for a telephone

An input element <u>for a telephone</u> for inputting data having two rotary functions in respectively opposite directions, <u>and which</u> also has two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane <u>essentially substantially</u> perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In addition, the input element is preferably <u>being</u> coupled to a display; <u>with</u> menu items or numbers being arranged essentially on a circle.

10 [Fig. 1]



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Description

Input element for a telephone

5 The invention relates to an input element or dialing element and an input device for a telephone, in particular for a mobile telephone.

Dialing elements or operator controls both for a key telephone and a mobile telephone are known. Usually, the input or selection of menu items and/or numbers is made using a twelve - key block and further keys for selecting other functions. The selection of the other functions is frequently made by sequentially pressing a key or a pair of keys, for example sequentially scrolling up or down, and selecting by means of cursor keys.

A further known form of operator control of a mobile telephone is to use what is referred to as a Jog Dial, 20 such as is implemented, for example, in newer mobile telephones from Sony and is described publication EP-A-0 797 336. Here, the Joq Dial is an in actuator wheel which is arranged the telephone and has a rotary function and a pressing 25 function. For example, by rotating the Jog actuator wheel, it is possible to scroll through a menu or the numbers 0 - 9, a confirmation of selection function of the function or number which is selected by the rotary movement being implemented by pressing on 30 the wheel in the radial direction. The disadvantage with this solution is that this form of input takes too long, in particular in the case of relatively long telephone numbers, and leads to a comparatively high level of cognitive and motor stress. 35

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Interactive displays are also proposed for miniaturized devices. In the document WO97/16912, a wrist watch with such a display is described. A disadvantage here is that, in order to activate individual points which are illustrated on the display, an additional pin is appropriately used (cf. page 2, lines 10 et seq.) in order, for example, to keep the size of the menu items small.

In addition, inputting or control by voice input is also a basic further possible way of inputting data. For miniaturized devices this form has not yet become ready for introduction to the market or is technically and financially still too costly.

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Generally, the course of further miniaturization, the area on information and communications terminals, for example GSM and DECT telephones, which is available for the user interface is becoming smaller and smaller so that on future devices there will no longer be any space for the traditional twelve key block.

The invention is therefore based on the object of providing an input element and an input device which requires less space and avoids the disadvantages of the Jog Dial.

The object is achieved by means of the features of the input element according to claim 1, and the features of the input according to claim 10. Preferred refinements of the invention are the subject matter of the subclaims.

The input element according to the invention has an 20 input means, the input means comprising a rotary function in two directions, i.e. forward and backward, and two key functions. The directions of movement for generating the key functions are arranged in a plane perpendicularly to the plane of rotation and are 25 opposed to one another. According to the invention, the input means is formed by an actuator wheel, actuator wheel being capable of being tilted out of the plane of rotary movement on each side by exerting an appropriate pressure so that it is possible to speak of a pressing function or tilting function. The tilting 30 causes an appropriate device to generate a signal, so that two possible signals are available.

The visualization or acknowledgement of the selection 35 by means of elements which are provided in a circular shape, for example illuminated numbers, in a way ART 34 AMD

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analogous to the rotary movement of the actuator wheel, is largely self-explanatory and promotes the generation of sensomotive abilities on the part of the user, which makes using the device easier overall in cognitive terms and faster in motor terms.

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easier overall in cognitive terms and faster in motor terms.

The movement of the actuator wheel is preferably freely rotating or provided with a stop, the rotary movement being capable of being latched or non-latched. These further features are respectively dependent on the particular application.

addition, the input device according 10 In to invention which comprises an actuator wheel can be coupled to a display to an input device, which display is cognitively compatible with the rotary movement of the actuator wheel. The display is preferably a display 15 area of a large area, in particular circular, on which the respective menus, submenus, menu items or numbers are arranged essentially on a circle so that a direct assignment is provided between the display and actuator wheel for the user. The combination of the rotary movement of the actuator wheel and the display 20 which is matched thereto facilitates and speeds up the selection and input operation and reduces perception errors.

For example, the selected entry or the selected number which are respectively represented on the display can preferably be actuated by pressing on one side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation, i.e. with a first key function. By pressing on the other side of the actuator wheel transversely to the direction of rotation, it is possible to trigger a further function, for example exiting from a menu (ESC) or the deletion of a character (Backspace), i.e. with a second key function.

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The advantages of the solution according to the invention are as follows:

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Reduction of the space required in comparison with the traditional key solutions such as, for example, the twelve - digit key block,

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·Reduction of the probability of incorrect operator control operations such as frequently occur with an actuator wheel solution with a pressing function in the direction of rotation because the rotation of actuator wheel always also exerts a pressure in the axial direction of the actuator wheel, which under certain circumstances triggers the key function. complete decoupling of the rotary functions from the pressing functions or key functions inadvertent triggering of the key function. addition, the display of the current selection by means of the circular arrangement is more concise and less easily confused than in known solutions.

with conventional actuator comparison 15 In solutions, a further key function is available as a result of which current dialog prompting, for example "Cursor up/down" or "OK" and "Escape", implemented without the arrangement of a further key which is difficult to operate or a complex Help 20 structure, for example "Escape" as an illustrated menu permitting the solution according item, invention to provide significantly more convenient user prompting. The input device according to the invention therefore integrates all the elements required for 25 convenient user prompting in one input element.

Preferred embodiments of the invention are explained below with reference to the drawings, in which:

- Fig. 1 shows a basic view of the input element according to the invention,
- Fig. 2 shows a detailed view of a possible way of supporting the actuator wheel of the input element in Fig. 1,

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- Fig. 3 shows the arrangement of an input element in a round housing,
- Fig. 4 shows a plan view of the installed input element in Fig. 3,

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- Fig. 5 shows a first embodiment of a mobile telephone
 with an "analog" display,
- Fig. 6 shows a second embodiment of a mobile telephone with a "digital" display,
 - Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a mobile telephone with a display with a large area, and
- 10 Fig. 8 shows a further possible way of arranging the input element in a mobile telephone.
- Fig. 1 shows an input element according to invention which has an actuator wheel 11 which serves 15 as input means. The actuator wheel 11 is preferably provided with ribbing. The actuator wheel is supported on an axle 12 and can rotate in two opposite directions 13 and 14. In addition, the actuator wheel 11 can be tilted into a plane which is essentially perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In other words, 20 the actuator wheel 11 can be moved in the opposite directions 15 and 16, i.e. displaced or tilted by applying pressure. A pickup or sensor 17 is provided for determining the rotary movement. This pickup for the measure and the direction of the rotary movement 25 can be formed by a further actuator wheel. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods can be used. Sensors 18 and 19 are arranged on side of the actuator wheel 11 in order 30 determine the pressing movement or tilting of actuator wheel. These sensors can be, for example, momentary contact switches. Other sensors which are based on electrical and/or optical methods can also be used.

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Fig. 2 shows a cross section through the input element. In order to be able to implement the two momentary contact functions of the input element, the actuator

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wheel 11 is pivotably supported on the axle 12 by means of a ball and socket joint or ball bearing 20. For example,

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the ball and socket joint 20 can be provided by giving the axle 12 an essentially ball-shaped configuration. The maximum tilting angle can be defined by outwardly directed beveling of part of the internal face of the axle hole of the actuator wheel 11. In addition, the directions of the tilting movement or pressing movement 15 and 16 and the tilting sensors 18 and 19 are also shown.

- 10 Fig. 3 shows how the actuator wheel 11, which can be moved in four directions 13, 14, 15, 16, interacts with a circular display area of a circular mobile telephone 21.
- 15 Fig. 4 shows a plan view of an actuator wheel 11 which is provided with a ribbing and has the directions of rotation 14 and 15, represented here by a two-ended arrow, and the tilting directions 15 and 16. The actuator wheel 11 is arranged here in a section 22 of a 20 mobile telephone (not illustrated). For example, the numbers 0, 1, ..., 9 can be actuated by turning in one direction 14, 15. Pressing the actuator wheel 11 in the figure to the left triggers Escape/Back, while pressing to the right triggers OK/Enter.

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Fig. 5 shows a view of a first embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 with what is referred to as an "analog" selection display, the mobile telephone having a circular shape. The mobile telephone has a circular shape which is referred to below as a display area on which menu symbols 23 and numbers 24 are arranged. Here, both the menu symbols and the numbers 24 are each arranged on a circle. The numbers 24 and the menu symbols 23 are backlit, for example by means of corresponding LEDs, when they are selected. The selection is made here by means of the input element which is arranged on the side of the mobile telephone

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21, and from which part of the actuator wheel 11 projects, and is visible, here. In the center of the display area of the mobile telephone 21, there is also a display 25 which serves, for example, for representing

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the selected numerical sequence. In addition, the mobile telephone 21 has a carrying cord which is embodied as an antenna 26.

5 Fig. 6 shows a simplified version of a mobile telephone with what is referred to as a "digital" display. Here, only one selection display 27 is arranged on the display area of the mobile telephone 21. By turning and pressing the actuator wheel 11, a number or menu is selected and displayed on the display 25.

Fig. 7 shows a third embodiment of a circular mobile telephone 21. Here, the display area of the mobile telephone 21 is almost completely filled by a circular panel 29 which is formed by a filter, behind which a 15 display 30 is arranged. On this display, the menu symbols 23 and the numbers (not illustrated here) are generated. The menu symbols 23 are also arranged on a circle here. The selection of a menu is performed by means of the laterally arranged actuator wheel 11. The 20 display can be multi-colored here in order to achieve better visualization. One variant of this solution consists in only a small display for displaying the numbers being located behind the filter 29, and the menu symbols 23 being arranged directly on the filter 25 29, in which case they can be illuminated separately by an illumination device, for example LEDs, in order to clarify and display the respective selection.

Fig. 8 shows an embodiment of a mobile telephone 21 in which the actuator wheel is arranged in a recess 31 in the mobile telephone 21. In addition, a displaceable cover 32 is present. When the mobile telephone 21 is not in use, the cover can be pushed over the actuator wheel which is arranged in a countersunk fashion so that the actuator wheel 11 is protected. In addition, a use lock of the actuator wheel can be connected to the cover.

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Patent claims

- 1. An input element for inputting data, the input element having two rotary functions in opposite directions,
 - the input element (10) having two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane essentially perpendicularly to the plane of the rotary movement, and
 - the input element (10) having an actuator wheel (11) which is supported axially on a bearing (20) so that tilting of the actuator wheel (11) out of the rotary plane on both sides is made possible.
- 2. The input element as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the key functions implemented by pressing functions orfunctions.
- 3. The input element as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the bearing (20) is a ball bearing.
- 4. The input element as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the input element (10) has two sensors (18, 19) for determining the tilting movement, which sensors (18, 19) are arranged on each side of the actuator wheel (11) within the tilting range.
- 5. An input element as claimed in one one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the actuator wheel (11) rotates in a latching or non-latching fashion.

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6. The input element as claimed in one of one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the

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actuator wheel (11) rotates in a freely running fashion or is provided with a stop.

- 7. The input element as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the input element (10) has a sensor (17) for determining the rotary movement and direction.
- 8. An input device having an input element (11)

 10 defined in one of claims 1 to 7, and a display device (21) for displaying menu items and/or numbers.
- The input device as claimed in claim 8,
 characterized in that the display device (21) has a large area and is preferably circular.
- 10. The input device as claimed in claim 8 or 9, characterized in that the menu items and/or numbers are arranged essentially along a circle.
 - 11. The input device as claimed in one of claims 8-10, characterized in that the display has at least two different colors.

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12. A telephone, in particular mobile telephone (21), having a input device which is defined as claimed in one of claims 8-11.

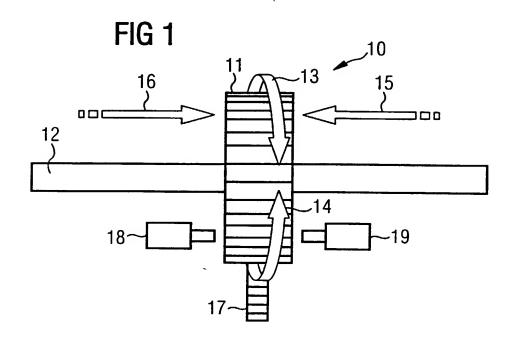
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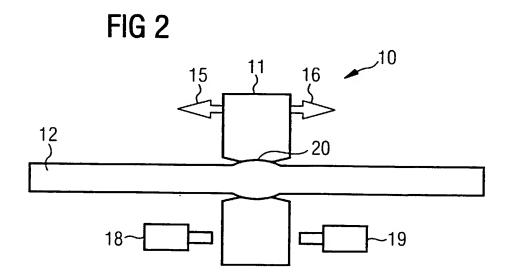
Abstract

Input element for a telephone

An input element for inputting data having two rotary functions in respectively opposite directions, also has two key functions which are independent of the rotary functions, the key functions being triggered by a movement in a plane essentially perpendicular to the plane of the rotary movement. In addition, the input element is preferably coupled to a display, menu items or numbers being arranged essentially on a circle.

[Fig. 1]





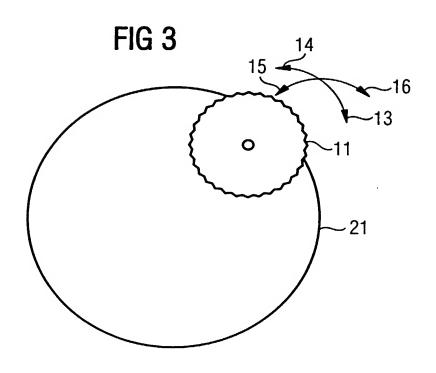


FIG 4

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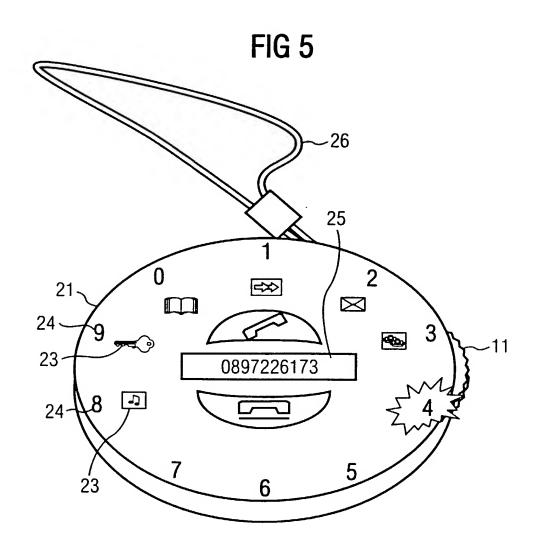
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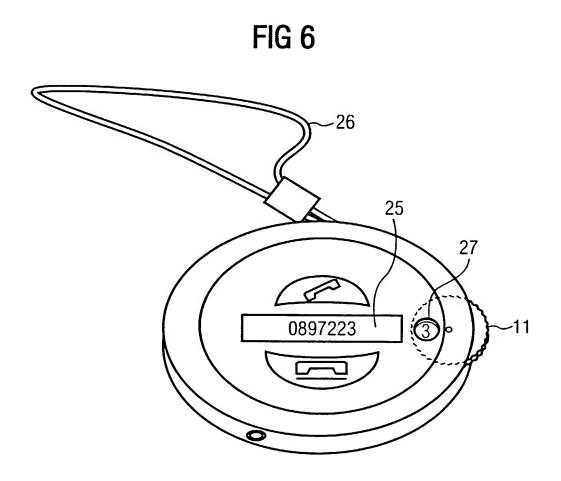
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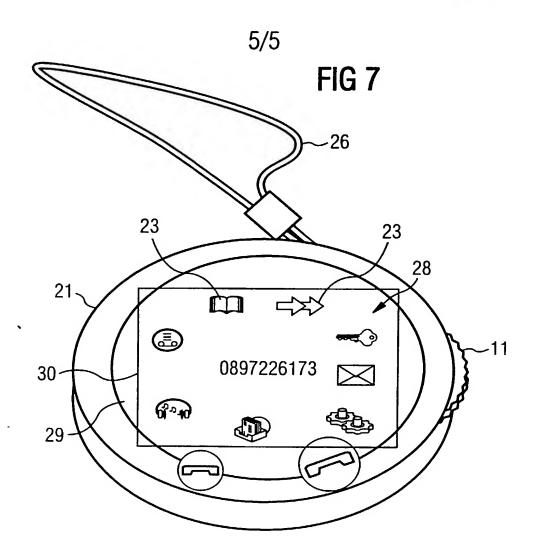
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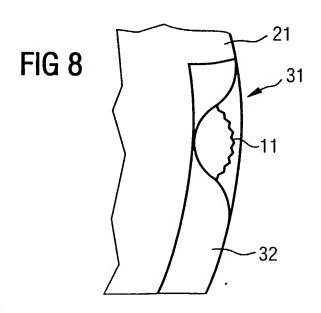
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Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application Erklärung Für Patentanmeldungen Mit Vollmacht German Language Declaration

Als nachstehend benannter Erfinder erkläre ich hiermit an Eides Statt:

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

dass mein Wohnsitz, meine Postanschrift, und meine Staatsangehörigkeit den im Nachstehenden nach meinem Namen aufgeführten Angaben entsprechen.

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

dass ich, nach bestem Wissen der ursprüngliche, erste und alleinige Erfinder (falls nachstehend nur ein Name angegeben ist) oder ein ursprünglicher, erster und Miterfinder (falls nachstehend mehrere Namen aufgeführt sind) des Gegenstandes bin, für den dieser Antrag gestellt wird und für den ein Patent beantragt wird für die Erfindung mit dem Titel:

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Eingabeelement für ein Telefon

Input element for a telephone

the specification of which

PCT international application PCT Application No. PC

☐ is attached hereto.☒ was filed on <u>17.04.2000</u>

and was amended on

(check one)

above.

deren Beschreibung

(zutreffendes ankreuzen)

hier beigefugt ist

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I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment referred to

PCT/DE00/01202

Ich bestätige hiermit, dass ich den Inhalt der obigen Patentanmeldung einschliesslich der Ansprüche durchgesehen und verstanden habe, die eventuell durch einen Zusatzantrag wie oben erwähnt abgeändert wurde.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

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Page 1

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19942448.9 (Number) (Nummer)	<u>DE</u> (Country) (Land)	06.09.1999 (Day Month Year F (Tag Monat Jahr ei		⊠ Yes Ja	No Nein
(Number) (Nummer)	Country) (Land)	(Day Month Year Fi (Tag Monat Jahr ei		☐ Yes Ja	No Nein
(Number) (Nummer)	(Country) (Land)	(Day Month Year Fr (Tag Monat Jahr eil	led) ngereicht)	☐ Yes Ja	No Nein
prozessordnung d 120, den Vorzug dungen und falls d dieser Anmeldu amerikanischen F Paragraphen des der Vereinigten St erkenne ich gemä Paragraph 1.56(a) Informationen an, der früheren Anme	Patentanmeldung laut d Absatzes 35 der Zivilproz taaten, Paragraph 122 of ass Absatz 37, Bundesg meine Pflicht zur Offent die zwischen dem Anmeldung und dem nationaler anmeldedatum dieser	Paragraph en Anmel- n Anspruch früheren em ersten eßordnung ffenbart ist, esetzbuch, barung von neldedatum n oder PCT	I hereby claim the benefit uncode. §120 of any United Selow and, insofar as the subclaims of this application is United States application in the first paragraph of Title §122, I acknowledge the conformation as defined in TRegulations, §1.56(a) which date of the prior application international filing date of this	States appiect mat not discount the main 35, Unit duty to sittle 37, occured and the	plication(s) listed ter of each of the losed in the prior nner provided by ted States Code, disclose material Code of Federal between the filing national or PCT
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Voller Name des einzigen oder ursprünglichen Erfinders:	Full name of sole or first inventor:
Michael Anft	Michael Anft
Untereshrift thes Erfinders Datum 7.2.xO2	Inventor's signature Date
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Voller Name des zweiten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of second joint inventor, if any:
Bernd Holz auf der Heide	Bernd Holz auf der Heide
Unterschrift des Erfinders B. VIX CO VII Le 04.02, 20	Second Inventor's signature Date
Wohnsitz	Residence
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